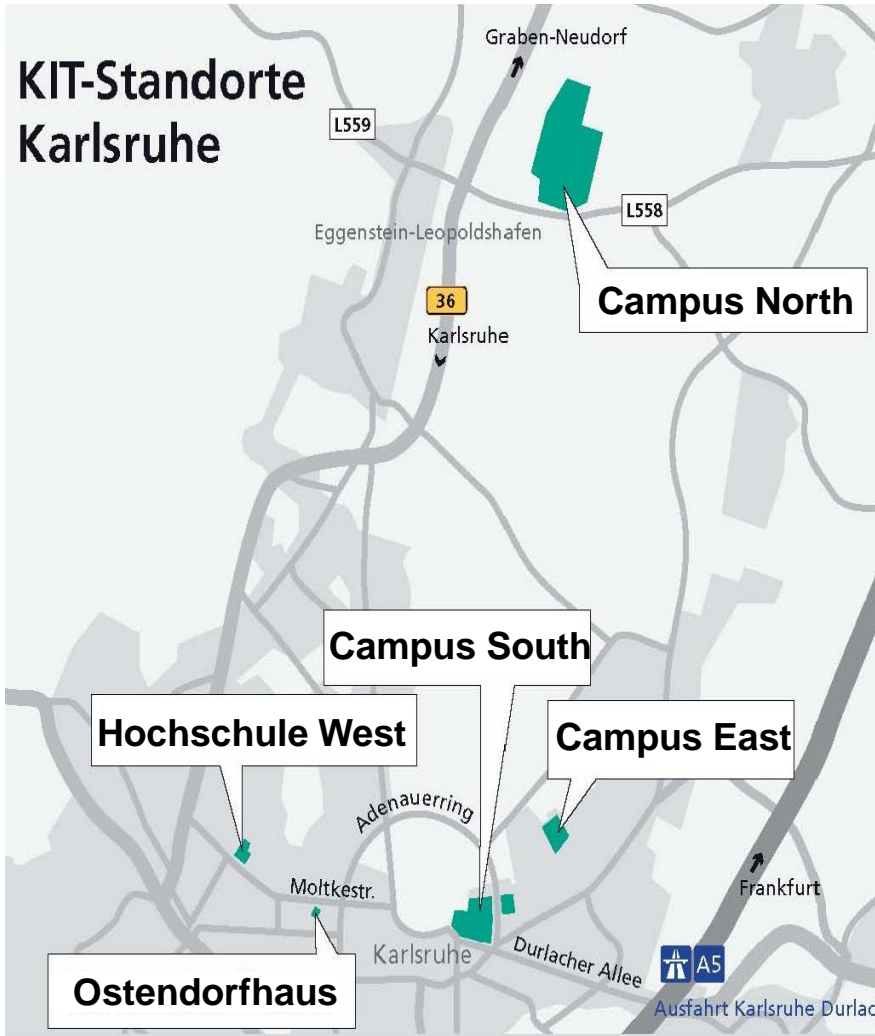


Regional Cluster in Decommissioning – a joint task

Th. Walter Tromm, Programme Nuclear Waste Management, Safety and Radiation Research



KIT – Locations and Figures



Helmholtz - Mission

12 Programs
27 Institutes
4.076 Employees

University - Mission

11 Faculties
130 Institutes
5.307 Employees
23.836 Students

ca. 3200 Doctoral Students

378 Mio. € Budget

29 Mio. € State BW
236 Mio. € Federal Rep.
113 Mio. € Third Party

406 Mio. € Budget

183 Mio. € State BW
0 Mio. € Federal Rep.
223 Mio. € Third Party

KIT – Part of the Helmholtz Association



Helmholtz research centers

KIT	Karlsruhe Institute of Technology
DLR	German Aerospace Center
FZJ	Forschungszentrum Jülich
DESY	Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron
DKFZ	German Cancer Research Center
IPP	Max-Planck-Institute for Plasma Physics
HMGU	Helmholtz-Zentrum München
GSJ	Helmholtz Center for Heavy Ion Research
HZB	Helmholtz-Zentrum Berlin für Materialien und Energie
AWI	Alfred-Wegener-Institute for Polar and Marine Research
HZDR	Helmholtz Center Dresden Rossendorf
UFZ	Helmholtz Center for Environmental Research
GKSS	Helmholtz-Zentrum Geesthacht – Center for Materials and Coastal Research
GFZ	Helmholtz-Zentrum Potsdam – German Research Center for Geosciences
MDC	Max-Delbrück-Center for Molecular Medicine
GEOMAR	Helmholtz Centre for Ocean Research Kiel
HZI	Helmholtz Center for Infection Research
DZNE	German Center for Neurodegenerative Diseases

Foundation of the Decommissioning Cluster, 02/2016



DHBW Karlsruhe



**IKE and MPA
University of Stuttgart**



KIT Center for Decommissioning



**Joint Research
Center**



PSI Switzerland

Coordination and bundling of activities:

- in research, teaching and training

Enhanced cooperation:

- with other universities, research centers, government agencies and industry, in Germany and in Europe.
- Cooperative support international initiatives to maintain competence (as Summer Schools in Decommissioning).
- Representation and tracking of trends in job development and the training capacity of the dismantling.

Strategic objectives of the decommissioning cluster (2/2)

- Acquiring external funding with industry and other organisations,
- Attracting grants for advanced courses, promotions and scholars
- Recruitment and training of qualified young scientists
- Publications in journals and newspapers
- Organize public events, such as trade fairs or open house days.
- Participation in the development of international standards in decommissioning

KIT Establishes Center for Decommissioning

Bundling the expertise for a safe dismantling of NPP in the scope of the German Energiewende;
Innovative technologies – radiation protection – technology assessment



Press release, Nr. 020 | or, lg | 25.02.2015

http://www.kit.edu/kit/english/pi_2015_16383.php

INE

- Hot cells
- Radio analytics
- Waste characterization
- Product characterization
- Product behavior (long-term)
- Conditioning
- Radionuclide behavior
- Radiation protection research

TMB/RKKB

- Innovative mechanical decontamination
- Crushing techniques
 - Automation
 - Minimizing dose rate
 - Minimizing waste
 - Management

INR

- Shielding calculations
- Determining radionuclide vector
- Detectors
- Instrumentation

IAM

- Material behavior
- Fuel
- Cladding tubes
- Characterization

IMB/MPA

- Concrete and Building Physics
- Materials and components
- Measurement and Nuclear Safety
- Chemistry and Physics of Materials

Long-term KIT-Cooperations

- EU (EURATOM)
- IAEA, OECD-NEA
- F: CEA, ANDRA, EdF
- CH: PSI, ENSI, NAGRA

SUM

- Radiation protection
- Personal dosimetry
- Radioactive monitoring
- Contact to authority

IHM

- Microwave application
- Innovative separation techniques

IKET

- Long term activity inventory
- Emergency Response Management

ITAS

- Socio-scientific, political issues
- Public involvement
- Governance

 Karlsruhe Institute of Technology

Education / Teaching

- KIT School of Energy
- TMB-Module „Dismantling of nuclear facilities“
- AREVA Professional School
- Radiochemistry
- Radiation protection

IIP

- Decommissioning planning and optimization
- Project management in decommissioning

IfGG

- Regional and local influences
- Socio-geographic analysis
- Economic, social issues
- Scenario development

PTKA-WTE

- BMBF/BMWI funding
- Decommissioning projects
 - Research and development for dismantling

Competences within KIT Center for Decommissioning

Decommissioning Department at TMB

- First German Professorship in Decommissioning of Nuclear Facilities established in 2008
- Close cooperation with industry e.g. mock-Ups:



Prof. Dr. Sascha Gentes



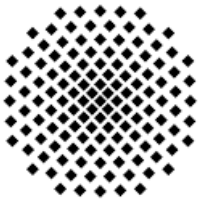
Wire saw cutting of stainless steel brackets



Decommissioning of heavy concrete ceiling for research reactor KNK



Concrete crusher for waste processing and packaging



Minimisation of secondary waste

**Universität
Stuttgart**

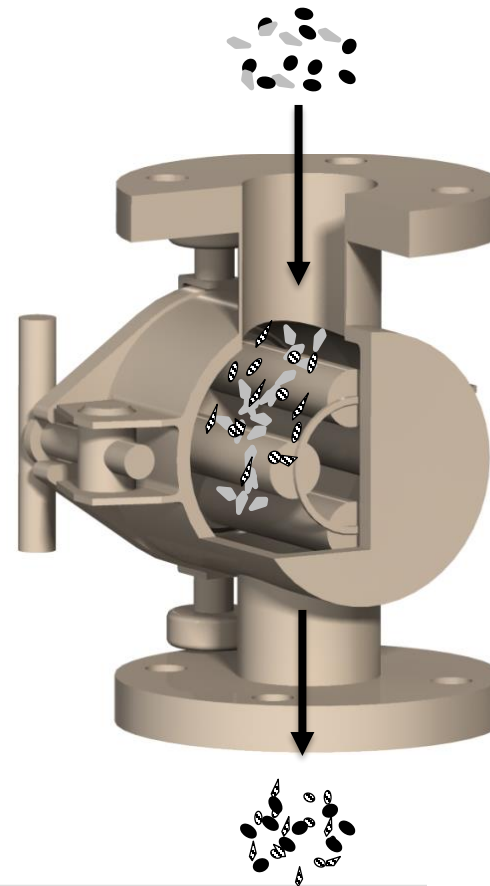
**Cooperation between KIT and
University Stuttgart**

Objective:

- Minimisation of secondary waste (with contaminated swarfs and cutting technique) by magnetic separation

R&D tasks:

- Optimisation of the separation rate
- Experimental and numerical investigations



GEFÖRDERT VOM

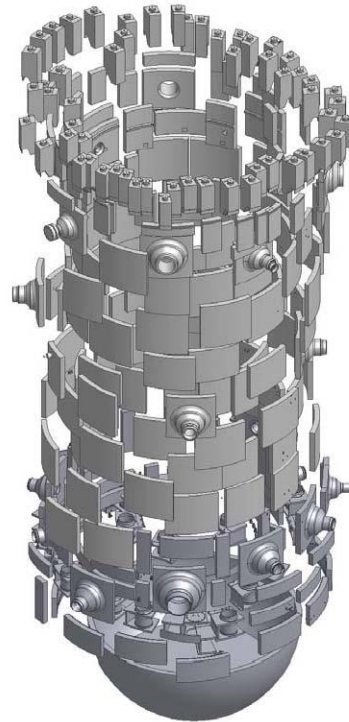


Bundesministerium
für Bildung
und Forschung

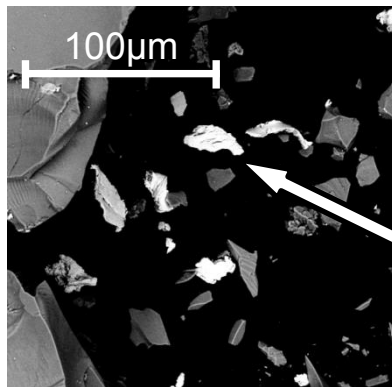
Bilder: M. Brandauer, KIT



Source: ANT AG



Source: AREVA GmbH



Steel particle

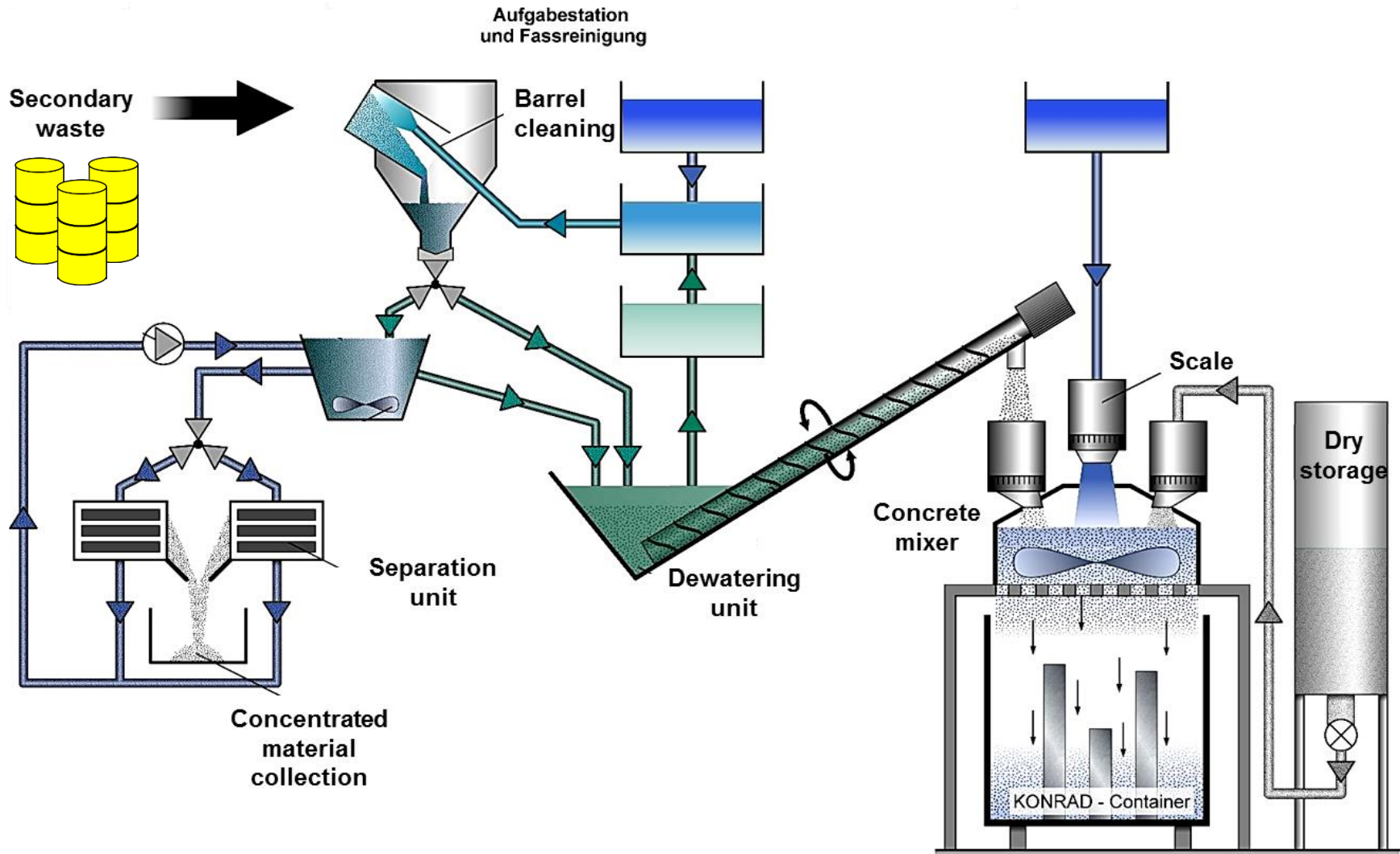
State of the art:

- **WASS method has successfully been applied**
- **Attachment to manipulator possible**
- **Large amounts of secondary waste**

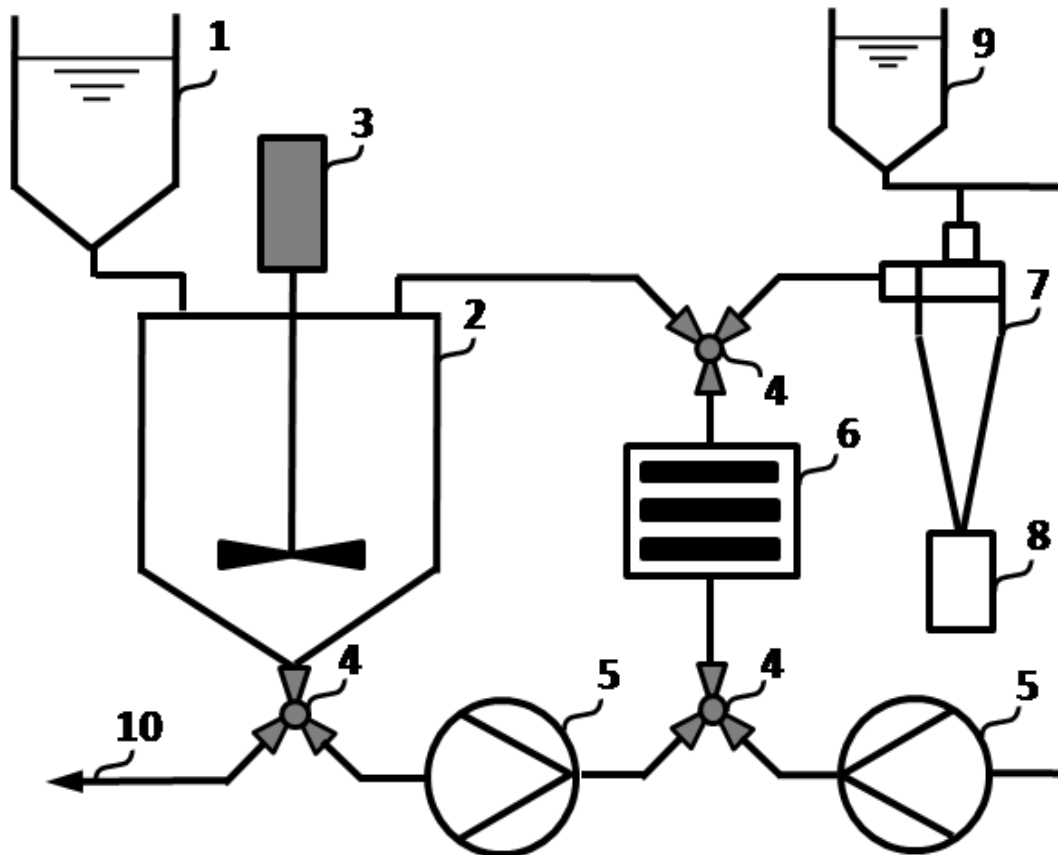
Research and Development

- **Reduction of secondary waste by physical separation**
- **Further processing by admixing in the backfill concrete of KONRAD containers**

Water abrasive cutting waste treatment

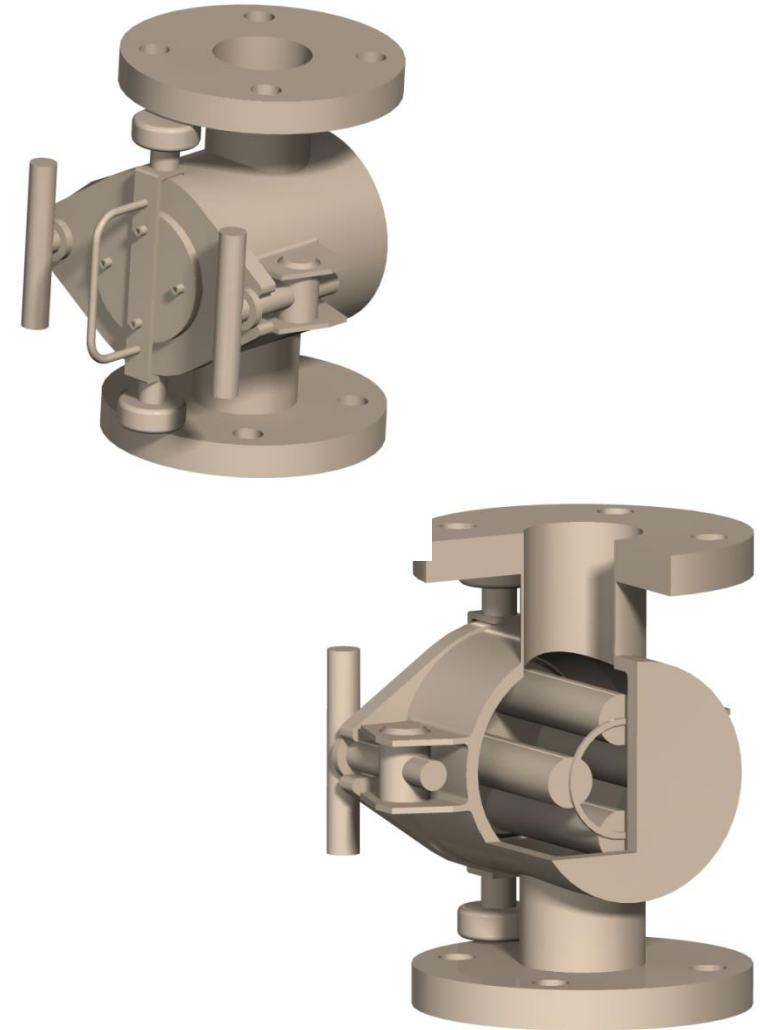


Process chain for prototype development



- 1 Feeding container
- 2 Slurry mixer
- 3 Drive gear
- 4 2/3-way ventile
- 5 Membrane pump
- 6 Magnet filter
- 7 Sedimentation container
- 8 Reservoir
- 9 Fresh water container
- 10 Removal of filtered material

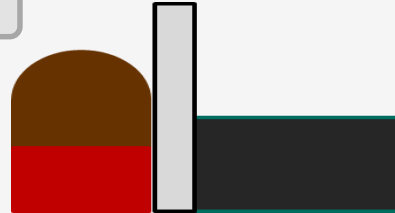
Prototype of the separation process



Virtual Reality Platform for optimized Decommissioning

3D Modeling Technology:

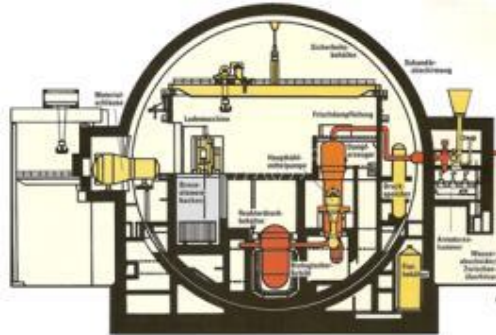
- 3D CAD Technology (MCAD)
- Laser scanner,
- 3D photogrammetry



Virtual Reality Methods

- Virtual reality model e.g. i-models, VIRTOOLS, DELMIA, game-platforms, etc.
- Algorithms e.g. for virtual cutting

NPP CAD models from utility



Data Base

- 3D model data
- Equipment data
- Results data

IT: Server, data bank



Activity inventory (AI) after 40 years of operation and 1 year of decay time

10.7×10^{17} Bq for a BWR (KRB-B)

1.9×10^{17} Bq for a PWR Type Biblis

Activated and contaminated components: distributor, tubes, arcs, edges and so on/
determining nuclides: Fe55, Co60, Ni63

3D Process Simulations

Radioation field

Radioactivity inventory

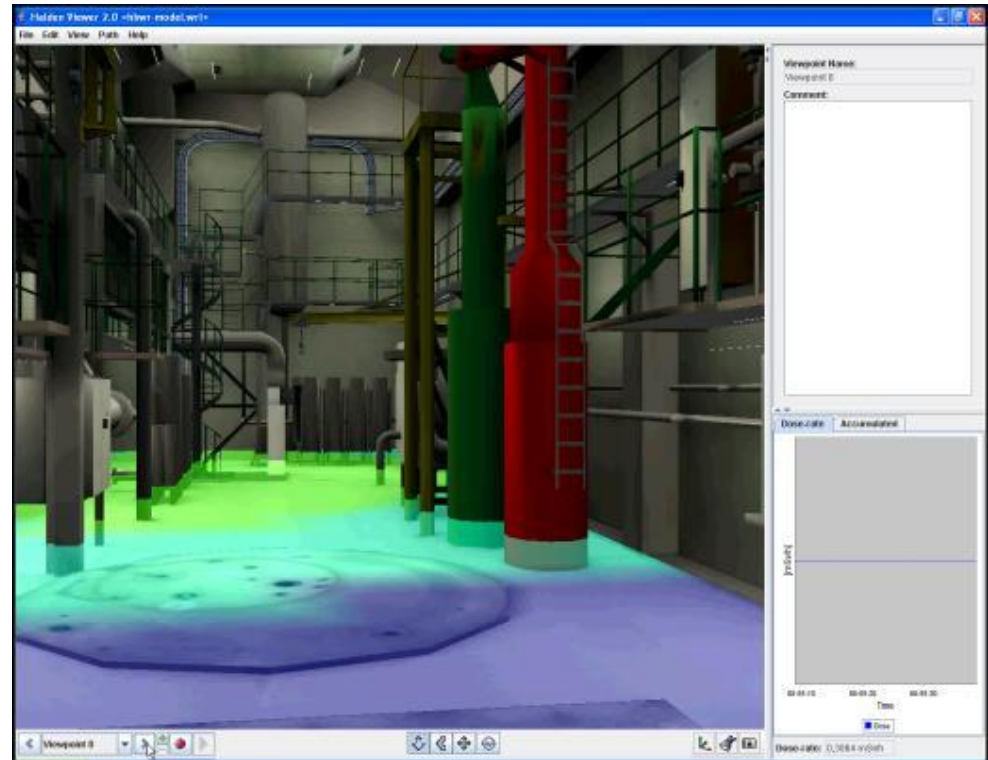
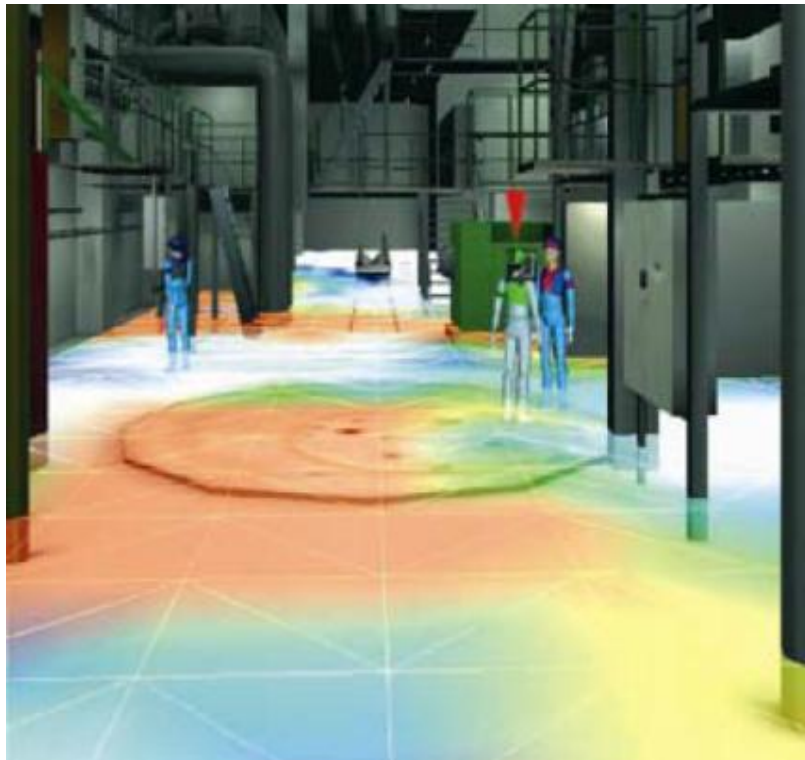
Spatial dose rate distributions

Spatial dose rate distributions

- Decontamination process
- Decommissioning process
- Dismantling simulation process

Optimize cutting process of pipes and equipments

Optimization of containers for waste storage (volume and weight)



Calculation of radiation exposure by modern **Virtual Reality-Tools**:

- **VRDose** as a strong tool to visualise radiation fields (applied in **OECD Halden project**)
- Combined with **CAD-Geometries**
- Online-calculation of the **radiation exposure of personnel**

Exploration, Path planning and Control

Environmental Model

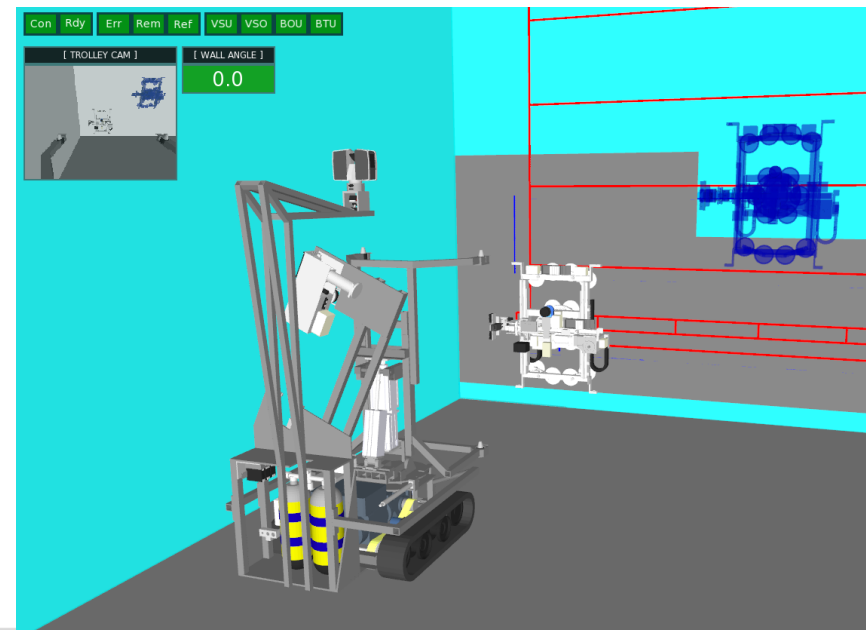
FARO 3-D laser scanner (mid-res scan of 0.035° angular resolution \rightarrow ~ 40 mio. points)

Co-operation partner: Institute for Anthropomatics and Robotics (IAR)



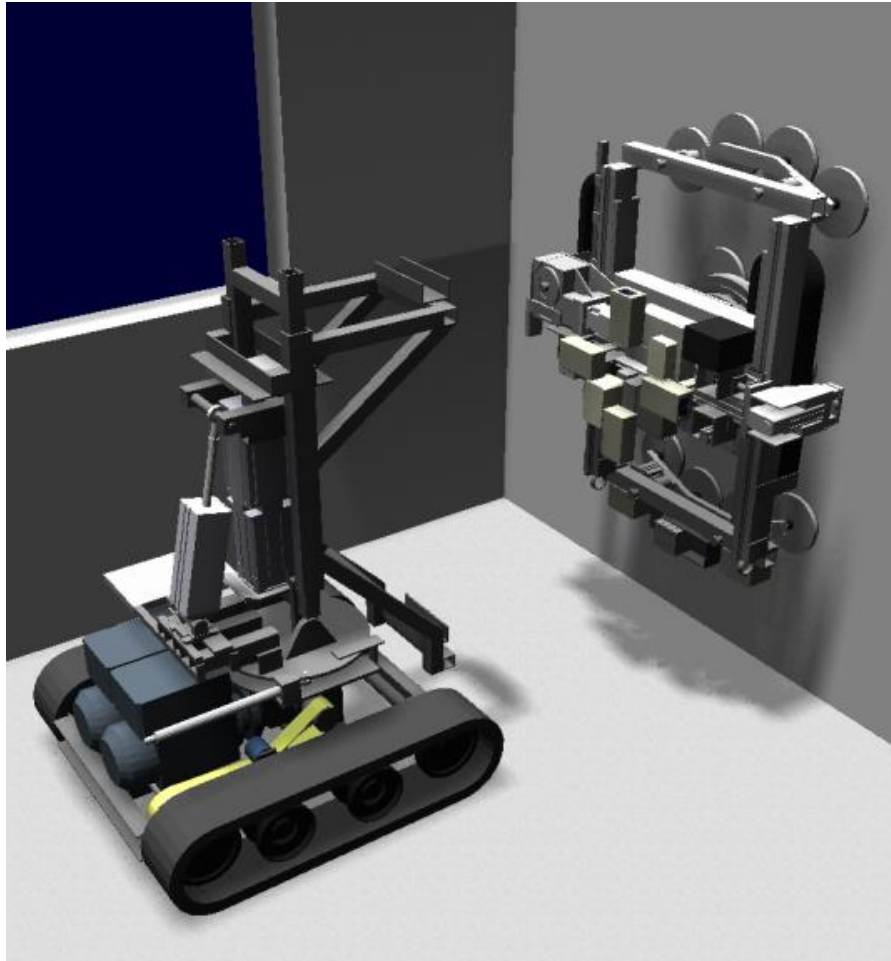
Control and Simulation

- Seamless alternation between actual system and simulation
- Predictive visualization and validation of path planning results
- Documentation and visualization of detector measurement results
- Sponsored by:
(FKZ 02S8881)



Federal Ministry
of Education
and Research

Manipulator Operated Decontamination and Release Measurement of Surfaces



State of the art:

- Mechanical decontamination methods causing contaminated dust
- No remote controlled systems for the decontamination of surfaces

Research and Development

- Development of a complete system for remote controlled decontamination of surfaces
- Prevention of contaminated dust

Spent fuel safety studies at JRC-Karlsruhe

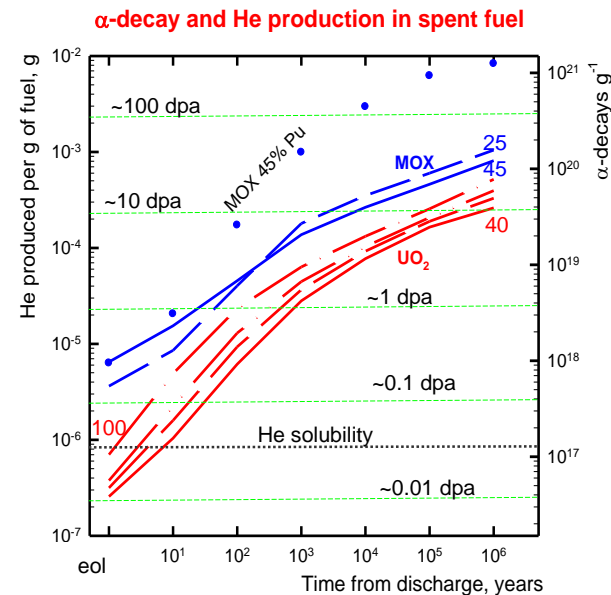


assess SF/wasteform ability to fulfil its expected function over long-term

(Extended) Storage

radionuclides **containment**,
rod **retrievability** (≥ 100 y?)

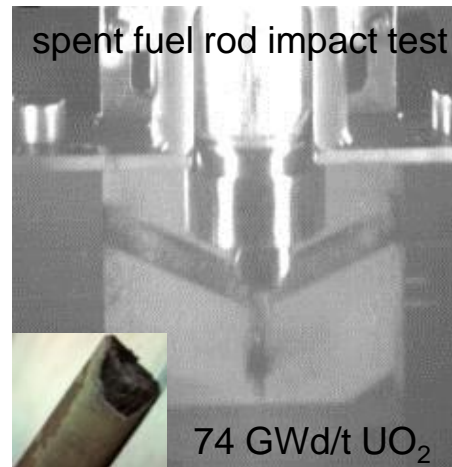
SF evolution: decay damage
and He accumulation effects



Accident conditions

pools, handling, transport,
storage, retrieval:

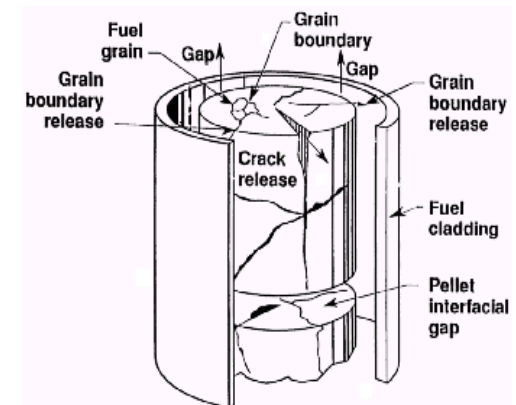
mechanical load, impact
resistance; corrosion, loss of
cooling; damaged SF, debris
properties



Geologic Repository

reduce uncertainties on
release of long-lived
radionuclides over an *open-*
ended disposal timescale

radionuclides “Source Term”,
“Instant Release”
matrix corrosion: environment
and SF effects



Convey experimental data into models and codes (predictions)

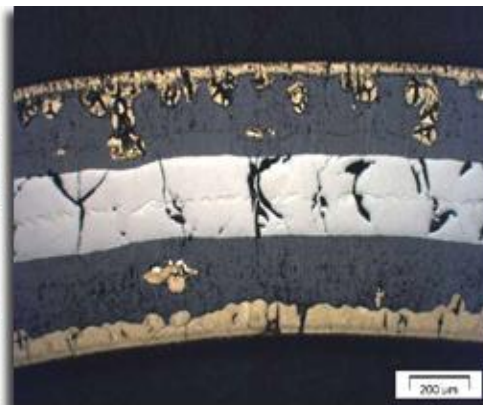
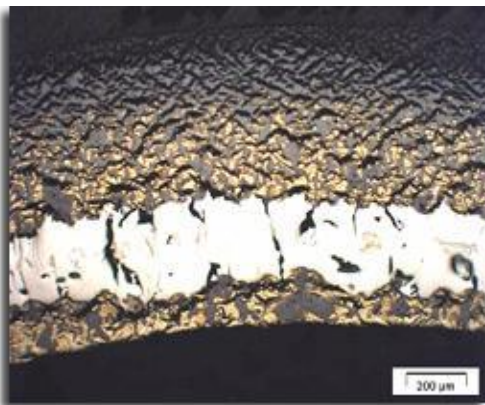
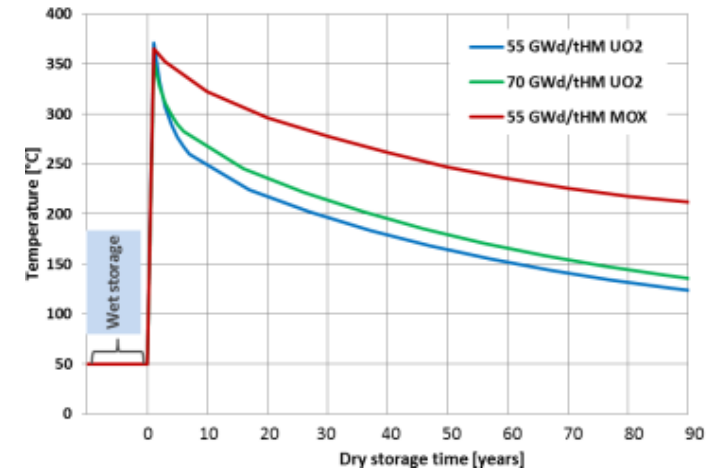
Long term storage of fuel elements Expertise due to QUENCH Team

Topics:

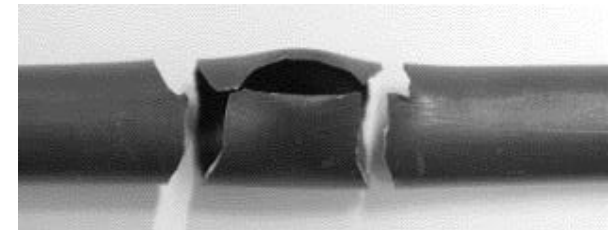
- Long term behaviour of fuel element materials in LWR
- Long term interim storage

Examples of Expertise:

- Analysis of oxidation of zirconium alloys in different atmospheres (steam, air, oxygen, nitrogen)
- Analysis of the behavior of new cladding tube alloys - developed to improve the long-term stability at high temperatures

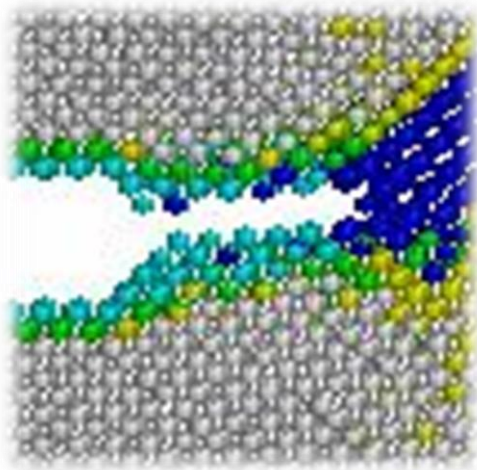


Formation of zirconium nitride ZrN (golden phase) by oxidation of zircaloy-4 in air (left) or by reaction of oxidized zircaloy-4 with nitrogen (right)

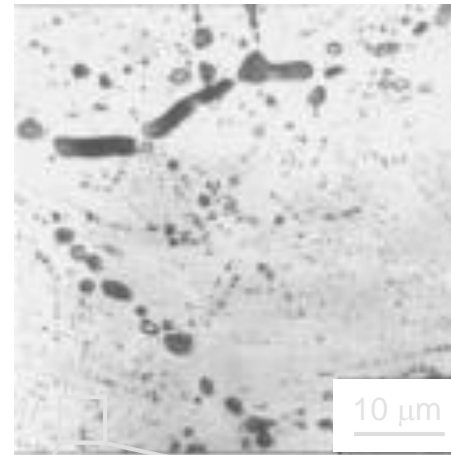


Neutron tomography and break behaviour

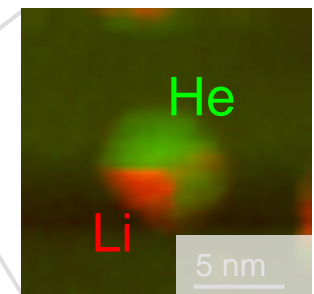
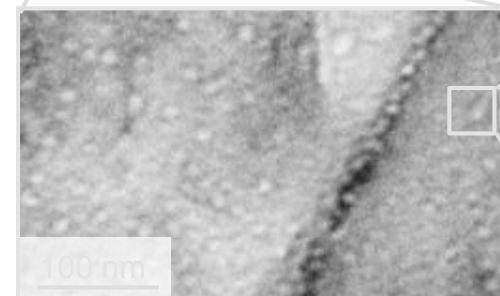
Atomistic simulation of fractures



Irradiation induced porosity formation



Hot cells



Transport- and Storage Casks

Analysis and Assessment of relevant safety goals

- Material- and fabrication quality
- Structural integrity
- Tightness

Objectives:

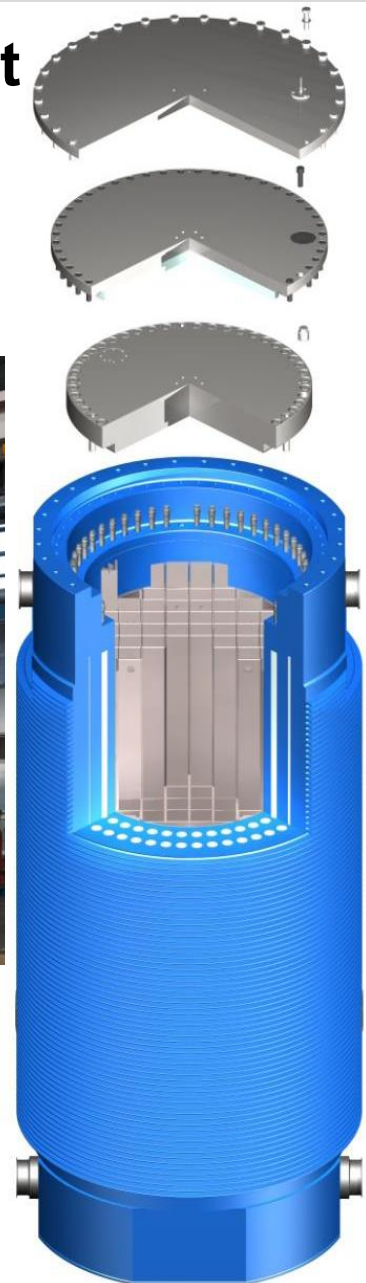
- Transport and storage handling
- Incidental scenarios

R&D tasks:

- Analysis of dynamic impacts on storage casks and fuel element structures
- Long-term behaviour of storage cask materials



Source: GNS, TÜV Symposium / 26.11.2015 / Markus Röder, Lutz Oelschläger, Dr. Matthias Heck



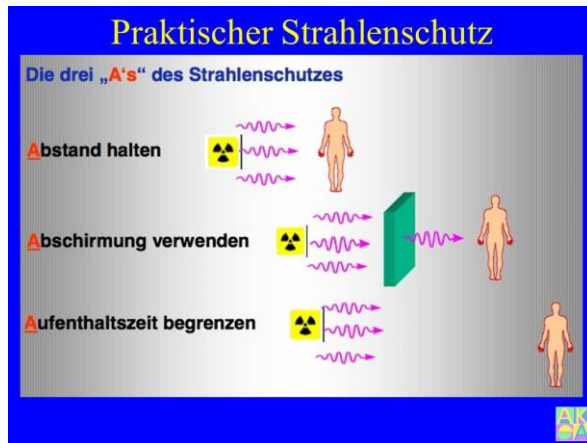
University Study: Industrial Safety

Courses in:

- Occupational safety
- Operational safety
- Radiation Protection
- Environmental technology
- Nuclear energy



Source: bbb-umwelt.com



Source: Kernenergie.ch

Excellent opportunity for specialised study of decommissioning of nuclear facilities

Certificate: Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.)

Baden-Wuerttemberg Cooperative State University (DHBW)

Conclusion and Outlook

- Strong demand and necessity to build-up and enhance competencies for decommissioning and waste management of nuclear facilities
 - In Germany, but as well for whole Europe
- Unique competencies are combined in the various institutions of the decommissioning cluster
- Bundling and focusing of the know-how will lead to an added value not only for Germany, but for Europe
- In the long-term, education and training of scientists and engineers is of crucial importance

Thank you very much for your attention!



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